## LABOR STATISTICS.

Text of the Bill Establishing a Bureau of Labor Statistics. dustries of the United States, Capital Invested, the Division of Labor, its Results, etc.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 19 .- The fol dowing is the text of the bill of Mr. Hop-kins, of Pennsylvania, providing for a Department of Labor Statistics, which passed the House to-day by 182 to 19.

established and maintained at the seat of government a Bureau of Labor Statistics, hich shall be under the charge of a Com missioner of Labor Statistics, who shall be appointed by the President, by and with advice and the consent of the Senate. the advice and the consent of the Senate. The Commissioner of Labor Statistics shall hold his office for four years, unless sooner removed, and shall receive a salary of \$3,500 a year. The Commission shall acquire all useful information upon the subject of labor, its relations to capital, and the means of promoting the material, social, intellectual and moral prosperity of the laboring men and women. And to this end he shall inquire into the various findustries of the United States, the capital invested therein; the division of labor and its results; machinery and its effects; the number of persons employed as absorers with a classification thereof, male and female, married and numarried, paperers with a classification thereof, male and female, married and unmarried, skilled or unskilled; convict labor; Chinese labor; the number and ages of children, nature of their occupation; their attendance at school and church; the wages paid by the day, week or month, or by the piece, to the different classes; the hours employed; the average earnings of the several classes; the manner of naving wages, the truck or average earnings of the several classes; the manner of paying wages, the truck or stone-order system, and the profits charged on goods by employers; the cost of living, comparing wages and price of necessaries of life in different localities; the sanitary, educational, social and moral condition of laborers; the average duration of life; accidents incident to employment; insanity; spidemics; factory mill, mine and dwelling laspections; schools and churches, facilities for attending and extent to which spidemics; factory\_nall, mine and dwelling inspections; schools and churches, facilities for attending and extent to which they are enjoyed; statistics of crime, etc., co-operation, its extent and results in various localities and branches of trade; the division of their joint production between labor and capital, where practiced, the pre rata of each, and the general effect; trades unions and labor associations, the number, membership and objects; strikes, their causes, effects and remedies. And to enable the Commissioner to obtain the information herein specified, he shall have authority to issue circulars to various manufacturers and labor associations, with interrogatories, to be answered. The Commissioners, regatories, to be answered. The Commis-sioner of Labor Statistics, shall obtain all

A Church Sexton Suicides.

when the office shall become vacant, the Chief Clerk shall perform the duties of Commissioner. The Commissioner shall annually make a report in writing to the President and Congress of the information the office shall become vacant,

New Lexington, O., April 19 .- The pe about noon to-day by the announcement that the dead body of John J. Wilson he been found hanging in the belfry of the M. E. Church. It was quickly cut down, but and had gone from home some time in the forenoon to sweep out the church; and not returning to dinner at the usual time, his wife went in search of him, and found him hanging dead. James Porter, Esq., held an inquest, and found that de-ceased died by his own hand. Mr. Wilson ceased died by his own hand. Mr. Wilson had not been in good health for years, and of late was unusually despondent. He keaves a wife, but no family, except a married daughter. He was esteemed as a citizen, and had been sexton of the M. E. Church and of the Perry County Bank for His sea was fifty-six.

## A Panic in Church.

BALTIMORE, Mp., April 19 .- A dispatel from Easton Md., gives an account of serious panie, which occurred vesterday during the dedication of the new Catholic chapel at Cambridge, Worcester County. The people in that section—all primitive Pretestants—had never attended a mass before, and a great crowd flocked to the church out of curiosity. When the Host was elevated, the bell was rung in unison, and the unsophisticated audience, believing it to be an alarm of fire, rushed pell mell from the church. Father Carey, the pastor, tried in vain to ston the care. tried in vain to stop the panic. Although no fatal causalty occurred, several women and children were dangerously bruised by being trod on, and innumerable dresses cuined. Services had to be suspended.

The Niagara Falls Mystery. BURRALO, April 19 .- A. J. Lucas, Chief of

the detective force of the Pacific Coast, is at Niagara Falls, believed to be engaged in at Niagara Falls, believed to be engaged in unraveling the mystery of the Pearsons-Vedder affair. Lucas' opinion is that Pear-sons strangled Vedder, threw him over the falls, and then deliberately removed his own clothing and shot himself. No traces are yet found of the body. Vedder's rela-tives are stationed on the Canada shore, and at intervals fire a cannon over the water.

Bailer Explosion in a Garrison.

BROWNSVILLE, TEX., April 18 .- A boiler exploded in the garrison yesterday, doing considerable damage and seriously injuring Sergeant McNally, of Company G, Ninth Infantry and Private Mooney. McNally was scalded in the face and eyes, and otherwise injured; Mooney was scalded on the breast and injured internally. Both will probably die. The building was completely wrecked. Pieces of the boiler were found half a mile distant from the scene of

They Blew Out the Gas.

CHICAGO, April 18 .- This morning Mr. Barry of the Pullman Car Company, went to the room in the Palmer House of Mr. and Mrs. H.C. Fillmore, of Fayetteville, N. Y.. but could not awaken the aged couple. Returning after four hours he tried their door. He then notified the hotel people, and one climed over the transon. Fillmore and one climed over the transon. Fillmore was found lying on the floor of the room, which was full of gas. Two burners were turned on, showing the old people had blown out the gas. Both the aged people were unconscious, and for a time Mrs. Fillseemed dead. At a late hour this evening but slight hopes of the recovery of either

Rald Excitement at Pike's Peak DENVER, Col., April 18.-Mining towns are excited over alleged important gold discoveries in the vicinity of Pike's Peak, seventy-five miles southwest of Denver. are flecking to the new camp. Passenger and freight transportation lines from Canon City, Fairplay and Leadville are already established, and greery and outfitting stocks are en route, It is impossible at this time to obtain reliable information concerning the import-Crowds of people from neighboring towns ance of the discovery. The mineral is said to be carbonates. Samples assay nearly one hundred ources of gold. Amid the ex-citement Denver mining men are unmoved

and will await developments.

The Trial of Frank James. CHATTANOOGA, April 18.—In the James trial at Huntsville, counsel for the pris-

mer objected to James A. Liddell as witness on account of his being convicted of horse-stealing in Missouri in 1874. The objection was overruled on the ground that Liddell had been pardoned. Liddell testi-fied that Frank and Jesse James and Bill Rysn left him at Nashville, March 6, 1881, riding south to lay plans for robbing a train, and witness made a visit of a couple of weeks to Kentucky. Returning he found the three men back at Nashville. After the three men back at Nashville. Afterward Ryan was arrested while on a boisterous spree. Witness and Frank James lett Nashville, fearing Ryan would turn State's evidence. Liddell learned from Frank James that they had perpetrated a robbery on their Southern trip. The description given by witness of the men and horses tallied with that given by Witness Peden yesterday of the Muscle Shoals robbers, except as to the color of Frank James' beard. The case so far is regarded as weak for the prosecution.

The Chinese Again Routed. Paris, April 18.—A telegram from Gen-eral Millot, commander of the French forces in Tonquin dated Honoi, April 16, says: The enemy has again been encoun-tered not far from Hung Hoa, and completely routed. After the engagement we destroyed the citadels of Phulam Tram, where the leaders of the Black Flags had taken refuge. Our forces are now following the right bank of the river Dai, with the object of threatening the enemy in the south, and obtaining redress for the massacre of missionaries. The Black Flags have withdrawn to Northern Tonquin. Remnants of the garrisons of Bacuinh and Hung Hoa and Chinese and Annanites, to the number of 5,000, have retreated to Shankhoa. General Delisle is going to Ninhbin to observe them.

A National Cattle Show in Prespect. Sr. Paul, April 19 .- The Secretary of the American Agricultural Association having addressed a letter to General James S. Brisbin, commandant at Fort Keogh, to holding a great National cattle show, the General, in a letter to the Associated Press, says he has replied urging that the show be held, and suggesting that at the same time a National convention of cattle breeders and stock growers be held, at which all stock associations throughout the country shall be represented. He takes strong ground against Congressional inter-ference with the cattle trade, and says worthy of notice, much less of National

Washington, April 18 .- The Committee on Territories, by a vote of 7 to 5, adopted the substitute offered by Mr. Alexander to the Cassidy bill, providing for the appointment by the President of a commission to govern Utah. A provision relating to marriages requires that they shall be solemnized by a minister; judge or justice of the peace, and the person so officiating shall file a certificate of marriage before the county recorder of lands within thirty days after the ceremony. sioner of Laber Statistics, shall obtain all possible information upon the various subjects above specified, from the different foreign nations, and shall have authority to issue circulars to U. S. Consuls, asking them to obtain the information desired. The Commissioner of Labor Statistics shall appoint a chief clerk, who shall receive a salary of \$2,000 per annum, and such other employes as the Commissioner may deem necessary for the successful working of the department. Provided, That the total expense shall not exceed \$25,000 per annum. During the necessary absence of the Commissioner, or when the office shall become vacant, the

Murderous Incendiaries.

CHARLESTON, W. Va., April 18 .- Last by D. D. Vickers, at Poca, near here, were set on fire by unknown parties, and burned.
Mr. Vickers had closed the store and
started home for supper. He was met by
two men, who knocked him down, robbed
him of \$75, left him as they supposed
dead, fired the building and escaped. Detectives are after the robbers. Loss on
building and goods \$3,000. set on fire by unknown parties, and burned

Rebbed On a Train,

Sr. Louis, April 18.-John G. Telford, assenger on the Iron Mountain Railroad from Pine Bluff, Ark., en route to Ireland was robbed of \$17,500 on the train near Pop lar Bluff, Mo., yesterday by C. M. Dennett. The robber was arrested on the train by

ROME, GA., April 18.—Rome is inundated with the most remarkable flood in the history of North Georgia. The waters of the river stand 39% feet above low water mark and are rising two inches an hour. The rise is caused by a sudden storm of rain Tuesday, though the weather is now clear. Business is suspended and the gas cut off. The Post Office and Telegraph office are closed and travel has ceased. Crops are largely ruined.

The Postal Telegraph System.

Representative Ward the house committee on postoffices and postroads, by a vote of 20 to 1, adopted a resolution declaring it pedient to adopt the contract system of postal telegraphy. The subject will be further discussed by the committee at the next meeting, and steps taken to formulate

A Train Buried Under Snew-Sheds TRUCKEE, Col., April 19.-Three kundred feet of snow-sheds fell, half a mile west of Summit, and covered a working train and a number of Chinese, Six dead Chinese have been taken out, and five others ser-ieusly wounded. A wrecking train and medical aid has gone to the scene of the

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., April 18 .- The

lore Hoffman, for the murder of Zif. Marks a Dewish peddlar, was executed here t GREENVLLE, GA., April 18.-Tobe Tur

ner was hanged here to day for the murder of a man named Shuttles, in Merriwether County. Turner made three attempts at suicide within the past forty-eight hours.

St. Petersburg, April 19.—A dispatch from the Governor of the Trans-Caspian says that several trade caravans had left Merv for Bokhara, Khiva and Meshed. Turcomans beught from the caravans their entire stock of American cotton seed. Fast Freight Wreck.

LANCASTER, PA., April 19 .- The fast east bound freight train came in collision with shifting train, in this city, this afternoon Ten cars were telescoped. The east freight engine was completely wrecked. Wm. H. Broomail, engineer, and Harry M. Hipple,

fireman, were injured. Copyright Bid Sat Down Unon. WASHINGTON, April 18 .- The Joint Com mittee on Library to-day, by a unanimous vote, directed Senator Sherman to report back adversely the bill introduced by him, at the suggestion of Henry Watterson,

granting copyright to newspapers. Prominent Methodist Divine Dead. CHICAGO, April 19.-Rev. F. D. Hemer

way, Professor of Hebrew and Biblical Literature in the Garret Biblical Institute, at Evanstowo, Ill., and for many years a prominent figure in Methodist Church, work, and renowned as a scholar, died

Could Not Bear the Disgrace. NEW HAVEN, Ct., April 18 .- Charles A. paulding, suspected of complicity in stealing jewelry, was arrested last night. While the detective was eating lunch Spaulding shot himself five times. His wounds are fatal. He said he could not bear the dis-

## A SINKING TOWN.

The Trouble That is Agitating an Eastern Ohio Town.

ineville Undermined by a Coal Mine, i Slowly Sinking Into the Earth.

CLEVELAND, O., April 20 .- A serious state of affair is reported at Salineville, a min-ing town located between this city and in the hills on which the town stands have been operated for many years. Yesterday afternoon, to the horror of the residents of the place, it was discovered that the ground immediately above Kirk's coal mine was beginning to crack and break in several places. Toward night the situation became still more alarming. To-day people were surprised to find portions of their dwelling and yards slowly sinking into the earth. The wells in the vicinity were found to be empty and bottomless. A large new brick schoolhouse stands on the brow of a hill, and it is the opinion that this structure will be destroyed. At all events, very few children will attend school in the building to-morrow. The cause of the approaching disaster is owing to the extra amount of coal that has been taken from the hills. A young man named William Kerns was crushed to death yesterday by a large mass of coal and slate. above Kirk's coal mine was beginning to

A Defaulting Bank President Captured. CLEVELAND, O., April 20.—A special states that Frank Dewalt, the alleged defaulting president of the First National Bank of Leadville, Col., was arrested early this morning at his mother's house in Can-ton, and that he will be taken back to Leadville, where a reward of \$4,000 is offered

lived in Canton. Ten years Montana, requesting his views with regard ago he went West, and eventually beago he went West, and eventually became president of the bank as stated. Three months ago the bank failed for \$250,000, and Dewalt disappeared. An investigation indicated that he took \$50,000 with him. He says that he went to Texas and was arrested at Elpaso, but released on a writ of habeas corpus and escaped to Mexico. He then went to Manitoba, and a short time ago went to his mother's home in Canton. He was recognized by numerous acquaintances, and a constable telegraphed to Leadville, inquiring if he was still wanted there. He received an affirmative reply, and the arrest was made. Dewalt professed a willingness to return, and claims that he can clear himself.

Terrible Crossing Accident.

WILLIAMSBURG, N. Y., April 20 .- The ong Island City train on the North Shore Branch of the Long Island Railroad, due here at 7:30, ran into a buggy, in which were two men, at the Thompson avenue were two men, at the Thompson avenue crossing. Both men were struck by the locomotive, their bodies terribly mangled, heads smashed to a pulp, and are unrecognizable. From papers found in their pockets they are identified as Dr. E. M. Fitzgerald, a well-known veterinary surgeon, of Green Point, and Frank Lyons, proprietor of the Green Point and New York Express. There are gates at the crossing, but the gateman says his time was up for the day, and he did not lower them.

Irish Duel in Paris.

PARIS, April 20 .- A duel with swords ook place to-day in the Bois de Bologne between Joseph Casey, a Fenian, who was confined in Clerkenwell prison in 1867, at and Captain 'Scully, an Irish-American, who was a soldier in the Union army during the late civil war in America, and also fought in the Mexican war. Scully has been suspected of being an informer and the duel resulted. Scully was wounded slightly in the neck. His sword was broken. The combatants were afterward reconciled.

Shot By Mistake for a Burglar,

PORTLAND, ORE, April 20 .- James John n, a young man living on a ranche in Washington Territory, was shot Friday en out late, and coming into the house young men sleeping in an adjoining room were suddenly aroused, supposed Johnson to be a burglar, and in the alarm both shot nim. No arrest were made. Both young men were horrified when the fatal mistake was discovered, and were overwhelmed

A Robber Identified

PITTSBURG, Pa., April 20.—The mysterius man shot by Policeman Shuff last Sun day evening for assaulting with intention of robbery, a lady near West Parks, Allegheny City, and who persistently refuse to reveal his identity, to-night acknowledged to being a Pittsburg Commercial Gazette reporter, and that his real name was Robert Adams, of Chicago, and that he was the leader of a well organized band of rob-bers. Adams is at the West Pennsylvania

Thrown From a Horse and Killed.

TORONTO, ONT., April 20 .- The wife of Rol ert Gill, Inspector for the Bank of Comnerce, was killed last evening by being hrown from a horse. She and her hi and been at a meeting of the Hunt Club, and while returning to the city the horse the lady rode threw her over his head, break-ing her neck and causing instant death. The husband has been out of his mind ever

Rough Weather at Chicago.

CHICAGO, April 20 .- A heavy gale from the Northeast, accompanied by snow, which melted as it fell, prevailed all day. The lake was exceedingly rough, and fears are entertained for the safety of vessels along the west shore. In this neighborhood a number of lumber luggers shifted their cargoes and lost their deck loads, but no wrecks or loss of life are reported.

Springfield, Mo., April 20 .- Heavy rain washed away a bridge near Lockwood, or the Gulf Railroad, Friday, and at night a freight train was wrecked. The engineer fireman, and brakeman escaped by jump-ing. Two tramps, names unknown, were stealing a ride. One was killed outright and both legs of the other were broken.

-The Cleveland (O.) Herald is enraptured by a remarkably generous New Yorker visiting that city, who, the other day, threw fifty dollars in silver change for the newsboys and boys and boot-blacks to scramble for. "I was a bootblack once myself, boys," it quoted him saying, "and I know what a hard time you have to get along. I was a boot-black in New York when I was a boy, and got my first start while handling the brush. Now I am rich, and I like

to help the poor boys along." -Chief Engineer Melville, of the Jeannette expedition, received the other day a bottle of whisky which had been while he was in the wilds of The bottle had traveled 6,000 miles by sea, over 11,000 miles on the sledge journey in Siberia, and about 4,500 miles by rail.—N. Y. Herald.

-A novel feature in the dining-room of a hotel at Niagara Falls is a colossal mirror, in which the Falls are reflected in such a manner that the guests may admire while they eat.

-It is expected that the Panama Canal will be opened for business as early as 1892.

XLVIIIth CONGRESS.

First Session.

WASHINGTON, April 16 .- SENATE.-Mr. Sabin introduced a bill to revive the grade of General of the Army. The Chair laid before the Ser inquire whether Paul Stroback, whose nomi-nation for Marshal of the Middle and South-ern districts of Alabama, was rejected by the Senate, and who is now performing the duties of that office, is entitled to occupy that of-fice. Agreed to. Mr. Conger, from the Committee on Commerce, refavorably the bill to define

favorably the bill to define the boundaries of collection districts of Miami and Sandusky, O. Passed. It fixes the boundaries of the district as they heretofore existed. Mr. Dolph, from the Committee on Public Lands, reported favorably the bill to authorize the States of Illinois, Arkansas, Louisiana and Tennessee to make such laws as may secure from injury and waste the lands granted those States for school purpeses. Mr. Dolph moved immediate consideration. Objected to, and placed on the calendar.

HOUSE.—After the transaction of some unimportant business, by unanimous consent, the morning hour, on motion of Mr. Morrison, was dispensed with and the House went into Committee of the Whole on the tariff bill, Mr. Cox, of New York, in the chair. The measure was debated by Messrs. Russell, Blount, Chass and Jones, and without action the committee rose and the House adjourned.

Washington, April 17.—Senate.—The Senate went into executive session, and when the

ate went into executive session, and when the doors were reopened, Mr. Cockrill introduced a bill to provide for the appointment of a Missouri River Commission to carry into effect plans for the improvement of said river, from its mouth to its head waters. The Senate proceeded to the consideration of the bills on the five-minute calendar, took up the bill to authorize the Senater of War to add to the thorize the Secretary of War to adjust and settle the account for arms between south Carolina and the Government of the United States, and to balance the same by so reducing the overcharge made against the State in 1869, under the act of 1868, as that amounts paid on account by South Carolina in the last ten years may be taken in full satisfaction of the account. After some discussion, the bill passed—yeas 30, nays 12. The Senate then passed the bill to authorize and direct the managers of the Home for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers to locate a branch home at some suitable point in either of the States of Arkansas, Colorado, Kansas, Iowa, Minnesota, Missouri or Nebraska. The consideration of the bankrupt by bill was then resumed, and amendments offered by Messrs. George, Morgan, Wilson, Hoar and others. Mr. Hoar and other Senators were auxious to have the bill disposed of to-day, and willing to sit late to accomplish that end; but it was becoming manifest that considerable discussion would arise on some proposed amendments. The Senate adjourned,

WASHINGTON, April 18.—SENATE.—Mr. She WASHINGTON, April 18.—SENATE.—Mr. Sherman, from the Committee on Library, reported adversely the newspaper copyright bill. The Post-office appropriation bill was passed as a whole, and the bankruptey bill taken up, but without considering it the Senate went into executive session, and afterward adjourned to Monday. House.-The House Committee on Post-offices and Post-roads adopted a resol faces and Post-roads adopted a resolution in favor of the contract system of postal telegraphy. Mr. White, of Kentucky, criticised the action in stopping the inquiry of charges against Governor Murray, of Utah, and paid his respects to Speaker Carlisle. It was demanded that his words be taken down, but Mr. Carlise requested [applause] that no notice be taken of the language used. A bill to relieve certain soldiers of the late was from the charge of desertion was considered in committee of the whole, and after debate was laid aside with favorable recommendation. The bill for relief of Myra Clark Gaines was also considered, but without coming to a conclusion the ered, but without coming to a conclusion the House took a recess. The evening session was devoted to consideration of pension bills WASHINGTON, April 19.—SENATE.—Senate

House.-The Speaker laid before the House the following message from the President, which was appropriately referred: Transmitting the report of the Secretary of State in French and American Claims Commission against the United States for \$625,526 for the citizens against the United States. The President recommends an appropriation for that sum to enable the Government to fulfilits obligation and of the treaty of January 15, 1880. Transmitting a communication from the Secretary of State, relating to the approaching visit of a special embassy from Siam. The President recommends an appropriation of \$25,000, to defray the expenses of the embassy while in this country. Transmiting a communication from the Secretary of State, respecting the approaching International Conference at Washington, for the surpose of fixing a meridian proper, to be national Conference at Washington, for the purpose of fixing a meridian proper, to be employed as a common zero of longitude and standard reckoning throughout the globe. The President reccommends an appropriation of \$10,000 to defray the expenses of the same. The bill establishing a Department of Labor Statistics was taken up, and after being amended to a Bureau of Babor Statistics, and otherwise not materially, the bill passed. Mr. Cox. (N. C.,) from the Committee on Foreign Affairs, reported back a resolution calling on the Secretary of State for a copy of the list of certificates issued by the late Venezuelan mixed commission, and for information as to the amount of money on hand applicable to the payment of new awards. Adopted. Adjourned.

-The feet of the common working ee exhibit at one and the same time basket, a brush and a pair of pincers. One of these articles, indeed, is a brush of extreme fineness, the hairs of which, arranged in symmetrical rows, are With this brush of fairy delicacy the bee continually brushes its velvet robe, to remove the pollen dust with which it becomes loaded while rifling the flowers and sucking up their nectar. Another article, which, is hollowed like a spoon, receives all the gleanings which the in-sect-carries to the hive. It is a panier for provisions. Finally, by opening them, one upon another, by means of hinge, these two pieces become a pair of es, which render important service in the construction of the combs, and it is with them that the bee lays hold of semi-circles of wax below its abdomen and carries them to its mouth.

—A Philadelphian sent a postal card to his sister in Canada on which he had written 644 words. She answered with 714 words. Not to be outdone, he crowded in 1,003, which brought an answer with 1,526 words spelled out in full and written plain enough to be easily read by persons of ordinary good sight. He thinks he will send her a new spring bonnet and call it square.

A Good Recovery.

A lady in Brooklyn, N. Y., took out her diamond ear-rings, valued at \$200 each, the other night, and wrapping them in a piece of paper left them on the dining-room mantel. A relative, a very neat housekeeper, finding the crumpled bit of paper on the mantel, threw it into the kitchen stove. The next day the owner of the diamonds asked if any one had seen a bit of paer on the mantel, the careful house eener stated what she had done with and then two anxious ladies got the shes out of the stove and proceeded to pass them through a flour sieve. When about half the stuff had been emptied on the sieve a small black and yellow chunk rolled over the edge of the coa scuttle. It was a very warm piece of gold, and was all that remained of the setting. A little more raking and two diamonds rolled out of the ashes. They were a little dusty, but when cool enough to handle they were found to be indiminished in beauty and value. A w York jeweler reset them the same

It took \$11,201 worth of ink to cancel the postage stamps of 1883.

STATE NEWS ITEMS.

MR. ELMER BAKER, of Dayton, a few days ago was knocked down by a dog running etween his legs, when his hand coming in contact with a board a large splinter ra into that member. The injury terminate

in lock-jaw, and he has since died. PHILIP SWEIN and Pearl McKemy, two youngsters from Hamilton, were arrested at Liberty, Ind., by the Marshal the other day. They had started on an expedition to the Far West, but the father of Pearl overtook the truants and escorted them

plaining of the depredations of a gang of tramps, who have been infesting the neigh-borhood for some time. They have become so bold that they steal a sheep or calf and roast it in the woods.

THE District Court at Cleveland decided, on a question of the constitutionality of the Scott law, to reserve decision to the Su-THE Onio Supreme Court has granted

peller, to file a petition in error to the Disconstitutionality of the Scott law.

THE Adjutant General of Onio has issued an order directing the Colonel of the Veteran Guards of Cincinnati to turn arsenal, because of the refusal of the regi-

ment to respond to the order of the Sheriff o protect the jail during the late riots.

JUDGE THOMAS O. Lowe, a promine lawyer of Dayton, applied to the Presbytery, in session in that city, the other day, for a license to preach.

MRS. JOHN CRACK, an aged and respected German lady of Delaware, dropped dead in her door-way from paralysis of the heart, at the Catholic Church and was just returning home when he died.

THE wife of Edwin Taylor, of North Fairfield, made an unsuccessful attempt at self-destruction the other morning by cut-

ting her throat.

THE Marine Railway and Dry Dock Company of Cincinnati, for building and repairing steamboats, assigned a few days since to C. K. Shunk. The assets are estimated at \$400,000; liabilities at \$100,000. The embarrassment is attributed to two fires, the floods of last year and this year and dull business the past six months. It is expected the company will continue bus-

ALREST HINELINE, a Lake Shore and Vestern brakeman, fell from his train while passing through Fostoria the other morning, and was instantly killed. He some unknown manner fell between the cars to the track below, where the wheels rushed his head in a horrible manner.

Dr. John Tobin, a prominent young physician of Cleveland, committed suicide a few days since. No cause is known for the THE members of the old 7th Cincinnet

Regiment, known during the war as the 137th Ohie, will hold a grand re-union banquet in Cincipnati, May 9. CRAS. SAUER was so badly injured a few upon him at Hall's Safe and Lock Factory, Cincinnati, that he died the next day.

W. K. WARD, an employe of the Canton Glass Company, in jumping from a moving freight frain on the P. Ft. W. & C. R. R., near the glass works, in that city the other morning, his foot caught in a frog, throwing his body against the train. He was unable to extricate himself, and each succeeding car struck him as it passed. The beel of his right foot was torn off, his left leg dislocated and fractured, his spine was injured and his head and shoulder hadly lacerated. Large pieces of flesh were track. His right foot and left leg have been amputated. He can not recover

Ward was a native of Steubenville. A STREET fakir has been reaping a 1ico harvest in Canton, recently, selling a corn salve in half-ounce boxes for twenty-five cents. It has been developed that the salve is nothing but common axle grease, worth about ten cents a pound.

ALMAR CLINE, son of T. J. Cline, a wealthy farmer, residing near Zanesville, was en-gaged in cutting down a heavy gum treethe other day. When it fell he was struck on the head and shoulders, crushing the bones on his left side and leg, producing atal injuries. THE family of F. J. Wagner, a sho maker, of Canton, was chloroformed a few

Mr. Wagner's pillow. Fifty dollars' worth of cigars and tobacco was also taken from Menches cigar store the same night. A Boy named James Finnegan, aged fit een years, employed in a coal mine near Youngstown, was struck by the falling roof few days since. Both legs were broken and he received fatal internal injuries.

nights since, and \$110 stolen from under

The boy was just leaving work to go home when the accident occurred. CAPTAIN L. E. BREWSTER, formerly of the Internal Revenue Service, of the Toledo (O.) District, has been appointed chief clerk to Major George Garfield, Superintendent of Public Buildings, at Pen-

A SOFT-GLOVE fight between McHenry ohnston, known as the Black Star, and Charles Lange, of Cleveland, at the Columbus Base Ball Park, was stopped by the police after four rounds had been fought. ange was severely punished.

By a collision of freight trains on the Panandle Railroad, near Steubenville, Wiliam Flaherty, fireman, was killed, and R. H. Wright, brakeman, was dangerously

for the Insane investigated charges of ernelty against Superintendent Potter, and requested his resignation, which was imediately tendered. LITTLE Fred Murphy, a boy six years ld, was so badly scalded by the bursting

of a steam pipe in George Biggs' mill, at linton Valley, the other morning that he died that afternoon. WM. CASSELL, one of the oldest resident of Lancaster, and a prominent Odd Fellow. s dead, aged seventy-eight years.

Mrs. James Harrington, of Bellefontaine, ived nearly seven years with a complete dislocation of the sixth cervical vertebra. EMANCIPATION-PROGRAMATION COGGSwert is the name of the Postmaster at Wesleyville. He was born on the day the

roclamation was issued.

A POST-MORTEM examination showed that

W. S. Wells, a noted horse jockey, has seen jailed at Youngstown, on a charge of btaining money under false pretenses. EDDIE MAGEE, aged eleven years, was Junction, a few days ago. INGALLS and Johnson, the colored urkers, and Hartnet, the uxorcide, bave

een arraigned at Cincinnati, and all

pleaded not guilty.

Dr. J. B. Kemp, of Dayton, was found dead in bed a few mornings ago. He had been suffering for some time with con JOHN MICHAELS, charged with wrecking the Pan-handle express train, near Xenia, has been bound over to court, charged with

murder in the first degree. OPIUM smoking is becoming a favorite dissipation in Cincinnati.

· WHOLE NUMBER 886.

Egyptian Corruption.

The other day a shipload of invalids

passed Massowah on the way from Harrar to Suez. These men had spent

many years—twelve I was told—in the equatorial province. Most of them were completely broken down. But they had no medical attendance, and nothing

to eat or drink except parched grain and muddy water. The Egyptian Gov-ernment may be unable to afford either

food or physic, but in that case it has

no right to extend what it is pleased to call its sway over three thousand miles

ct land southward from the Mediter-

ranean. For enduring his worse than dog's life the Egyptian soldier in these provinces receives seventy-five piasters, or considerably less than a pound per month. The men complain that, even

month. The men complain that, even with their meager rations, they can scarcely keep body and soul together with such pay. With a better class of officers and an increase of pay to 120 piasters the service might be rendered both popular and efficient.

The evidence which has been collected on the point—namely, the relations between the Egyptian Government and that of Abyssinia—is extremely discreditable to the former. By government need not necessarily be meant the ministry at Cairo. With the best intentions in the world the Khedive's

intentions in the world the Khedive's advisers may not have been able to control his highness' representatives in

control his highness' representatives in the southern territories. I am only speaking of the conduct of these par-ticular representatives. They are uni-versally mistrusted and despised. Ras Aloula, commander-in-chief of the Abyssinian army, pointedly access them of sharing in the plantage of the control of the control

of sharing in the plunder of caravans, and Egyptians themselves generally be-lieve that the charge is only too well founded. It is doubtless true that

Abyssinians are as guilty of aiding and

abetting in brigandage as any of the Khedive's officials; but Ras Aloula, on behalf of King Johannes, contends that those offenders are renegades and outlaws, who would be imprisoned

and outlaws, who would be impounty.
if they returned to their own country.
The very fact that Abyssinian caravans
are sometimes looted within two hours'
are sometimes looted within two hours'

journey of Massowah, and the plunder publicly sold in the market-place of the town, suggests reflections more un-favorable than otherwise to Muktar

police authorities should give a like reply to his complaints about burglary on his premises? The instance in which,

was asked for was that of the robbery

of a large company of merchants and priests who were on their way from

Abyssinia to Egypt and Palestine. There were about a hundred of them in all. The priests had \$1,900 in cash.

of gold-dust. There was a considerable quantity of other property, besides sheep and mules. Soon after entering the narrow strip of territory which

divides Abyssinia from the sea, and

the caravan was attacked and plundered.

Some of its members were killed and

wounded, and the rest escaped, after

having been pretty well stripped of their clothes, to Massowah. They have since

had the satisfaction of seeing their own

accuse the Egyptian officials of copart-

nership with the thieves and brigands. A still more flagrant exhibition of

cials is their participation in the profits of the slave trade. It is a mistake to

imagine that the slave trade is extinct

to Hodeida, Mocha, and other places

on the eastern shore, where they are conveyed to Mecca, the chief slave

market in southwestern Asia. A capitation tax on every slave who leaves an Egyptian port finds its way to the pockets of the Khedive's officials. It is

one of the means by which they increase

in the southern

their frequently meager salaries. The

provinces are Abou Bekr Pasha, gov-ernor of Zeila, and his two sons. These

three worthies derive a good income from the export of Galla girls and eunuchs to the Arabian coast.

The Abyssinian Christians are as

fanatical in their way as any Moham-

medans. The former boast that they

are the only Christian State in Africa;

that theirs is an original and independ-

ent church, purer than the Church of

Rome: and that they have even con-

some of their half-subject tribes which

have not abandoned the rites of heath-

enism. No one who has heard of the

Massowah church bell can doubt the

religious zeal of the Abyssinians. This

bell, it seems, was bought by them

some three or more years ago, in Egypt, and paid for. It was brought up to Massowah by steamer, but special arrangements had to be made for the

overland carriage of a monster weigh-

ing a quarter of a ton. The Egyptians

will not forward it and the Abyssinians will not take it away. The detention of the bell is one of King John's pet

grievances, but has caused as much ill-

feeling between Egyptians and Abyssin-ians as the "theft" of the province

Munzinger Bey. So long as Egyptian governors

Bogos by the late Khedive's officer,

cline to attempt the capture of brigands who carry their depredations to within

two miles of the provincial capital, so

long will Abyssinia be justified in pro-

testing on behalf of her traders .-

-Edward King tells one of the most

delightful anecdotes of Carlyle yet put

forth. That portentous pseudo-philoso-pher, Mallock, called on the old Scotch-man and let himself loose, talking Car-

vle almost to death. Carlyle listened

imperturbably, invited him to tea, and had him to smoke in the library after-

thought proper to take his leave Car-

ye kindly because I knew your mother,

-In view of the fact of so many de

falcations of cashiers and treasurers,

the St. Louis Dispatch suggests that

women be employed in such trusts

They neither gamble in stocks, smoke, or drink whisky. The young men should note the suggestion. There are thousands of intelligent women fully

competent for this class of work in

-Mrs. Harriet Beecher Stowe raises

60,000 oranges annually on her Florids

every State. - Chicago Inter-Ocean.

but I never want to set eyes on ve

again!"-Exchange.

grove. N. Y. Tribune.

When at last the youthful sage

"Well, good-by; I've received

Massowah Cor. London News.

which the Egypt

on that occasion, Muktar's protec

-Give the calf the first milk from the cow's udder-the last is often too rich for it. -The American Dairyman says:

hayseed in a cow's eye will turn it white. It will come all right in a day or two if left alone. If doctored we don't know when it will get well. -It has been shown that "a pail of milk standing ten minutes where it is exposed to the scent of a strong-smelling stable or any other offensive odor, will receive a taint that will never leave

-Itis claimed that while cows giving exceptionally large quantities of milk will sometimes make large butter tests, as a rule the two things do not go together, being inconsistent with each

teats are apt to be superior milkers This is often the fact, and one reason semission in the case of W. B. King, a doubtless is, that cows which give large incinnati saloon-keeper, vs. W. S. Cap-quantities of rich milk are most liable Cincinnati saloon-keeper, vs. W. S. Capto those injuries from inflammation trict Court of Hamilton County, to test the | which so often destroy one of the teats. —A Pennsylvania farmer writes: "On my farm of 120 acres we kept, during 1883, about 35 cows; the number varied somewhat, a few more in winter than in summer. From these 35 cows we made 8,1334 pounds of but-ter, which was sold for \$3,930.18, or \$112 for each cow. Three or four of them were heifers with their first calf,

and some others aborted. The calves sold for \$143.75. —The American Dairyman says there is one point that should be deeply impressed upon the dairyman's mind, and that is if he wants to make a first-class. article of butter he must churn often. Never let the cream get over three days old, no matter how cold it may be kept. If cold, it will get old, flat and frinky. If sour, the whey will eat up the best butter globules. Churn as often as you

-In Maine the number of milch cow has largely increased during the year last past. This is especially the case in those counties which are giving renewed attention to dairying by the factory or by the private dairy systems.
A general increase in the number of cows is returned from nearly all the Milch cows have found an increased demand from the Boston

-Some dairymen think at this season of the year, when cows are shedding their coats, they should be furnishe with scratching posts. They certainly seem to enjoy rubbing the hair off, while the act can do them no harm. If you ever had a piece of itch in the center of your back, you would appreciate the old saying: "God bless the Duke of Argyle."—American Dairy-

become the biggest fraud of the age; 15,000,000 pounds of butterine were sold last year in New York. This is made from lard heated only to from eat butterine practically eat raw pork. One valuable fact has been learned in the use of these fraudulent mixtures, that the American hog must have bee free from disease or we should have had thousands of cases of that dread disease, trichinosis, among the consumers of raw lard butterine.-Boston

Professor S. A. Heath, says in the American Dairyman: "Let a drop of water. If the milk promptly dissemi-nates itself through the water, the covthat yielded that milk is not with calf; but if it sinks to the bottom of the glass as it falls upon the water and does not produce but little of a milky cloud, the cow is pregnant. The specific gravity and viscidity of the albuminous milk being heavier than water thus retain the drop of milk and causes it to sink.' We advise dairymen to make a note of this and give it a test. If reliable the nformation may be of great value to

—Prof. Sheldon says: The period of milking may be classed in three parts. For the first six or seven weeks after calving the largest quality of milk per day is produced. After this the yield falls off pretty considerably, but then remains at the same figure for two or three months, when a steady decline sets in until the cow is perfectly dry By careful feeding the best parts of the milking periods may be prolonged, and this ought to be the aim of all milk producers. If green fodder and other ood, which stimulates milk secretion can be used at the right time a considerable extra quality of milk may b

produced. Milk and Butter Tests.

A large number of tests have been made within a few years of the milk and butter capacity of cows. They have perhaps in most cases been care fully and truly reported. They have been accepted as correct by some, utterly disbelieved by others and accepted by the majority with a mental eservation that says: "We would believe you under any other circum stances, but this story is too extrav agant." There has been without doubt a large number of remarkable records adhered to so far as the record is con cerned, although if the whole truth was This would be done by giving also the amount of food consumed, in which case it would frequently be shown that the relative expense of these large products was as great as that of smaller ones. The true test of value is the greatest product at the least cost.

These large records are becoming se common that there is a general distrust as to their accuracy although the public dislike to doubt the honesty of those who make them. Now it does not follow that because there are a great number of large records that they publication of one record incites tests of others, and in the present condition of our dairy cattle breeds there must be many phenomenal cows.

It would be better for the owner and

more satisfactory to the public if these tests were made under the control of some capable and entirely disinterested Also, if the food and treatment were given they would be more instructive. If these tests can be kept accurate, so

that people can have confidence in them, they will do much good in stimu-

lating production in the dairy. While some of these phenomenal animals may be overfed and injured, the great ma-jority are vastly underfed for profit. Anything that will stimulate the average dairyman to better feeding will do vast amount of good, and we look upon these tests as accomplishing much this direction by stimulating an ambi-tion to exiel. - Detroit Post and Trib-

TOPICS OF THE DAY. is a mile in 2:31 2-5.

The Gaton Democrat.

Business cards of five lines or less, \$3 per annum. Local notices, 10 cents per line each insertion. Simple announcements of marriages and deaths.

1 w. | 2 w. | 1 m. | 3 m. | 6 m. | 9 m. | 12 m.

It costs sixty cents per bushel to produce a poor quality of wheat in India. No MEMBER of the Concord (N. H.)

police force uses any tobacco or liquor. the Iowa bar has been complained of as too severe. It requires two years' study in the office of a practicing attorney or in some reputable law school.

CINCINNATI, not yet over the horrors of the recent sanguinary riot, has been luxuriating in two circuses, a dramatid festival, a cat show, and a negro-baby convention. There is but one step from the tragic to the comic. SINGEING, instead of cutting the hair,

is said to seal up the ends and prevent graying. If it ever becomes popular, barber-shops must be better ventilated than now, or customers will prefer to do their waiting outside.

ELECTRIC lights have forced a reduction in the price of gas in Boston from \$2 for city lights and \$2 80 for private consumers, per thousand cubic feet, down to \$1 30 for city lights and \$1 80 for private consumers.

M. PASTEUR and his collaborators have announced to the French Academy of Sciences the fact that by inoculation they can render all dogs absolutely proof against the effects of rabies, in whatever way or quantity the virus may be administered.

THE late Charles Reade was once

asked what he thought of the American newspaper system of interviewing He declared himself strongly in its favor. "Just think," said he," what a fine thing an interview with Shakes peare would have been!" Bey, the local governor. Said Muktar, the other day: "Bring the thieves to me, and I shall punish them." What would a London householder say if the pedestal for the Bartholdi Statue, THE proprietors of a patent medicine offer to contribute \$25,000 towards

> placed for one year in a conspicuous place at the top of the pedestal. A CLOCK made of hardened bread is on exhibition in Milan. It is the work of a Peruvian, who, being too poor to buy any material for the work, saved his bread, eating the crust and using the soft part, which he hardened in a

> New York, if permission is granted allowing the title of their specific to be

mineral solution for his clock. Ir is expected that Pennsylvania will ing this year. Railroad men have of late withdrawn their attention from the new country, and are now engaged in coverng with cross-ties and rails whatever unoccupied ground there may be remain property exposed for sale in the bazaar. This is merely a typical case. What irritates the Abyssinian minister most of all is the indifference with which the

THE net exports of gold from New Egyptian governor of Massowah regards his demands for redress, or at round numbers \$23,500,000. This is any rate for inquiry. The natural re-sult has been that the Abyssinians ports in the corresponding period of ports in the corresponding period of 1882, which were much in excess of the exports in any year since the resumption rascality on the part of Egyptian offi- of specie payments.

NATURALISTS urge that bumble

bees' nests should be carefully preserved,

in the Red Sea. Arab dhows carry slaves every day from the western ports have in the fertilization of fruits and have in the fertilization of fruits and other crops, their tongues being longer than those of honey bees, and therefore better adapted to securing pollen and depositing it on other blossoms GROCERS say they lose a great deal in fruit and other toothsome wares by the "nibbling of tasters;" but they

must show their goods in a tempting

more prudent grocers make nice dis-

way in order to sell them. Some of

plays, but secure most of their property under wire screens. SAMUEL J. WALKER, the famous real-estate operator of Chicago in the years before the great panic, passed away recently, in his 58th year. He once held fifteen hundred acres of land inside the city limits, and was rated at \$10,000,000 at the time of the fire. He obtained his discharge in

bankruptcy a short time since.

CHARLES READE, for several years before his death, was engaged in pre, paring a mass of autobiographical matter, including some picturesque sketch. es of contemporaries, of whom he strongly expressed his personal opinion. This matter was left unarranged. Part of it will be published in the course of the

BICYCLING is rapidly growing h opularity in this country. It has for ears been very popular in England and France, where the roads in all directions encourage riding. Hitherto in this country it has been looked upon as sport for very few people of peculiarly gymnastic qualities. That notion is giving way and the bicycle is being popularized as a means of exercise and transit.

A MAN from a Western Territory arrived in St. Paul on his way East in search of a woman who would share his fortunes. He told his mission to a man he met in the depot, and offered him \$200 if he would find him a wife on short notice. The man took him home and introduced him to his daughter. He proposed. She consented. The wife-hunter immediately made over to the girl \$40,000 worth of real estate as a guarantee of good faith, and they were married a few days ago.

MILTON ROBBINS, of Appleton, Me., is somewhat over eighty years of age and has always lived over the same cellar, which underlies his present residence, yet notwithstanding this fact he has lived in two States, two counties and two towns. This was due to changes, from time to time, in State, county and township lines.